AT THE WHITE HOUSE COMING MANEUVERS

The Executive Mansion Again Occupied.

PRESIDENT RETURNS

RECEIVES CALLERS IN HIS NEW OFFICES.

Will Start on a Trip to New York and the South Next Mon-

President Roosevelt today spent his first day in the new executive offices west of the White House, and Mrs. Roosevelt her first day in the renovated White House. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt and two of the children, Archibald and Quentin, arrived here at 7:20 o'clock last night, and the family slept for the first time in their former quarters. The improvements throughout the building are still incomplete, but there is sufficient completed space for the accommodation of the household for the present.

The executive offices are in condition for permanent occupation, the workmen having turned them over to the President and his force. An occasional change may have to be made to meet needs as they arise.

The President was in his office at 9:30 o'clock this morning, but it was not until an hour and a half later that he began to see callers. His first visitors were Attorney General Knox and Col. Clayton McMichael, postmaster of Philadelphia and former marshal of the District. He spent a long time with Secretary Cortelyou, dictating some portions of his message to Congress and going over an accumulation of

Short Stay in Washington.

President Roosevelt's stay in Washington is going to be a short one. He will leave here next Monday for New York to attend the annual banquet of the New York chamber of commerce, and will not return to his office for nearly two weeks. The President will leave New York on the night of November 11 for the south, and on the 19th will attend a reception at Memphis, Tenn., to Gen. Luke Wright, vice governor of the Philippines. Between the 11th and the 17th it is quite probable the President will put in hunting bears and other game in the swamps of the Mississippi river. His program in this respect has not been made out and the details are not known. From Memphis the President will go to Philadelphia to attend the annual banquet of the Union League Club.

Message to Congress.

On returning here the next day the President will be busily engaged until the assembling of Congress in preparing his message to that body. He has made much progress on the message, and that is why he is able to spare so much time away from Washington. It is understood, too, that the message will not be a long one. The President puts in every spare minute on portions of his message, and some of it is probably already in the hands of officials at the government printing office.

Invited to Chicago.

An invitation has been sent to President Roosevelt to visit Chicago and preside at the opening of the third annual international live stock exposition, to be held there beginning Saturday, November 29. In view of the general importance of the exposition, all influence possible will be brought to bear upon the President to secure his accept-

Civil Service Conference.

The three members of the civil service commission had a long conference with the President today. The fact that Attorney General Knox was admitted to the President's office at about the same time gave rise to a belief that the case of Senator Quay for alleged violation of laws in attaching his name to a campaign circular sent out by the Pennsylvania republican state committee to federal employes, as! ing for contributions, was under consideration. Col. Clayton McMichael, postmaster of Philadelphia, happened along about the same time and was admitted to the President's room. This lent additional color to the belief. It was later stated, however, that the Pennsylvania case was not the main one being talked over; in fact, it occupied but a small part of the discussion. It was also stated that the Attorney General and Col. McMichael did not take part in the conference.

Violations of Civil Service Law.

Numerous complaints of violation of civil service law by federal officials are reaching the White House, and are referred to the civil service commission. From the south particularly are many complaints. The republican factions in the south are continually finding fault with the official conduct of federal officeholders, and filing charges against them. The civil service commission and some of the departments are kept busy looking into these charges,

Congratulating the President.

All of the President's callers today discussed the election returns with him, and congratulated him on the outcome. The President is certainly greatly pleased. He told Col. McMichael that next to New York his greatest interest was in Pennsylvania. He was much pleased at the republican majority there. Senator Foraker of Ohio was one of the

callers, and he and the President exchanged The President was warm in is praise of the work of Ohio republicans. When Senator Foraker went away he said: "Tom Johnson and his red-fire accompaniments helped to swell the republican ma-

Henry T. Scott of California saw the President and united his congratulations with those of others. President E. J. James of the Northwest-

ern University called on the President and talked with him fifteen minutes. President James is much interested in the college training of men for public service, and talked on this subject with the President. Another caller was William Lloyd Wise. an English magistrate. He and the President talked about the government reforms in the provinces of Australia.

Secretary Root a Caller. Secretary Root called on the President

with John G. Long, United States consul general at Cairo, Egypt. Mr. Long is the republican national committeeman of Florida. He did not discuss Florida offices with the President. There are no contests to amount to anything over federal offices in Florida. There is some opposition to Thomas F. McGourin for reappointment as marshal of Florida, but the opposition is from the friends of a certain candidate. contest over the post office at Sandford, Fla. The postmaster is dead and there are five or six candidates.

Why It is Not Larger.

Secretary Root dropped into the press room and exchanged greetings with the newspaper reporters. "How do you like the new building?" he

asked. "We don't like it," replied one. "It is too squatty and lacking in dignity. It is

"The small size and unpretentious proportions of the building were intended by the architect who designed the building and the repairs to the White House," said Secrerepairs to the White House," said Secretary Root. "It was not intended that the White House should have a rival, and so the President's office is made small, so as to not detract from the simple beauty of the historic White House. A larger building for the President would have drawn some attention away from the White House."

Odell's Election Expenses.

ALBANY, N. Y.. November 6.—Governor Odell filed his statement of election expenses today. It consists of one item, \$10,-000, which was contributed to the republican state committee for campaign expenses.

STATEMENT OF OBJECT BY AD-MIRAL TAYLOR.

European and South Atlantic Squadrons Will Combine at Trinidad the Last of This Month.

Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, today made the following concise statement of the movements and objects of the proposed maneuvers in the

Caribbean sea next month: The European and South Atlantic squadons will combine at Trinidad the last week in November and the North Atlantic squadron will arrive at Culebra about the same

The search problem will follow, being completed about December 10, by which date the entire fleet will rendezvous at Culebra. From December 10 to 19 the time will be occupied in perfecting the details of organization and in exercises. From December 19 to 29 the ships will be distributed among the various ports of the West Indies for the purpose of giving liberty to the men, returning to Culebra After reassembling the fleet will engage

in exercises, maneuvers and target firing, as directed by the commander-in-chief, the purposes of which are as follows: To make the plans for mobilizing a large leet a simple matter of routine. To engage in a more comprehensive search prob-

lem than was possible during the summer maneuvers, and in the several squadrons to insure uniformity of routine and methods of progressive instruction.

The Pacific and Asiatic squadrons are to be immediately notified of desirable chang-es resulting from careful tests.

To develop the gun pointers by systematic arget practice. To exercise the officers in tactical maneuers of a larger fleet.

Reports received at the Navy Department today show that the general movement of vessels toward the rendezvous on Culebra Island began yesterday with the departure from Norfolk for that point of a small fleet consisting of the cruiser Detroit, the gun-boat Bancroft, the auxiliary cruiser Prairie and the tug Leyden with six large coal barges in tow. The Prairie carried a battalion of 550 marines in addition to her regular crew. These marines will be landed at Culebra, and will defend the fort against the attack by the fleet during the maneu-

FATAL BLAZE IN OMAHA.

American Press Plant and Scales Depot Destroyed.

OMAHA, Neb., November 6.-Fire today destroyed the jobbing house of Fairbanks, Morse & Co., dealers in scales and engines, entailing a loss of \$50,000.

Two firemen were injured, one possibly fatally. About 150 country newspapers are temporarily affected by the burning of the American Press plant, which also was in

REJOICING AT LA GUAIRA. Revolutionists Have Been Scattered and Disbanded.

KINGSTOWN, St. Vincent, November 6 .-Senor Figuerero, consul of Venezuela at the Island of Trinidad, touched here on his way from La Guaira yesterday, on the mail steamer. He said the Venezuelan revolutionists had been scattered and disbanded, and that the government had been pursuing them.

At the moment the steamer was leaving La Guaira November 3 there was great rejoicing ashore, and the fort was firing salutes, presumably in celebration of the government's conclusive victory. There have been several slight eruptions of the Soufriere volcano on this Island since

the last report. The croter is smoking con-

THREE DEMOCRATS DISPLACED. Result of Recount of Votes at Woon-

socket, R. I. PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 6 .- A re count in the city of Woonsocket has displaced three democratic members of the general assembly, originally announced as elected, and substituted the republican candidates This gives the republicans a plurality of four in the House, which now stands 38 republicans and 34 democrats. The senate is republican by 28 members out of 37.

Miles Back From Dagupan.

MANILA, November 6.-Lieutenant General Miles has returned here from Dagupan, where he inspected the proposed sites for permanent posts on the Northern railroad. After an inspection of the barracks at Ma-nila, General Miles will depart southward Saturday. A delegation of former insurgent officials, headed by General Malvar, called on General Miles today.

Western Flour Interests Combine.

SAN FANCISCO, November 6.-The Call says: A deal is practically accomplished for the amalgamation of all the extensive flouring interests on the Pacific coast. It will take in the large plants of Washing-ton, Oregon and California and will call into existence one large corporation, with a capital of \$20,000,000, and facilities equal to supplying the present and prospectively greater demands of the Pacific coast and of the orient.

Another Explosion Victim Dead. NEW YORK, November 6.-Another victim of the fireworks explosion in Madison Square on the evening of election day died today. He was the only unidentified man among the injured who were taken to Bellevue Hospital, and his death was caused by a broken skull. The total number of deaths from the accident is now thirteen.

Improvements at Chickamauga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 6 .-Bids amounting in the aggregate to \$554. 736 have been accepted by the government for the construction of regimental headquarters of the eight troops of cavalry at Chickamauga Park. The equipment will be made complete for administrative pur-

Whitelaw Reid at Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, Pa., November 6 .- Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder arrived in Pittsburg today to attend the Founders' day exerclses of the Carnegle Institute. The morning was spent in viewing the great loan collection of art treasures, after which the isitors were entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Schenley, where an opportunity was given to meet the institute trustees and a number of prominent citizens.

academy.

New Superintendent at Annapolis. ANNAPOLIS, Md., November 6.-Captain Willard H. Brownson, who arrived here last evening, was officially received as superintendent of the Naval Academy today. The officers and professors attached to the academy assembled in front of the reviewing stand and the battalion of midshipmen was paraded and presented to the superintendent. Midshipman G. S. Radford, acting adjutant, then read the orders assigning Captain Brownson to the

\$240,000 Fire at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., November 6 .- The Model Flour Mill and a large wheat elevator adjoining were completely destroyed by fire here today. The total loss approxi-mates \$240,000, which is partly covered by insurance. The plant was the property of the Liberty Mills.

Addresses Delivered Before the Board of Missions.

TOPICS DISCUSSED

MISSIONARIES PRESENT FROM VARIOUS FOREIGN FIELDS.

Schools Maintained by Organization Given High Record for Efficiency -Miss Stone's Message.

Preceding the morning session of the annual meeting of the Woman's Board of Missions, being held at the First Congregational Church, at 10th and G streets, devotional exercises were held, under the direction of Miss Ida W. Prime of the American College for Girls at Constantinople. By the time this service had concluded the auditorium of the spacious church was filled to its utmost capacity by missionaries, delegates and missionary enthusiasts.

After several hymns were sung Mrs. C. H. Daniels, the vice president of the board, of Newton, Mass., who was presiding, introduced Miss Susan D. Riggs of Marsovan, Turkey, who spoke upon the theme, 'Transformed Lives in the Boarding School." Miss Riggs gave a narrative of missionary work in Turkey and contrasted the girls in the boarding school at Marsovan at present with those of several years ago. She gave a detailed description of the habits and customs of the Turkish people and of the courses of study and their

growth spiritually. Miss Riggs is a native of Sivas, western Turkey, and has been connected with the western Turkey mission of the American board since 1892. She is the daughter of Rev. Edward Riggs, D. D., of Marsovan.

"Christian Work of Native Women" was he topic assigned to Mrs. C. C. Tracy, also of Marsovan, Turkey, who is one of the veteran missionaries of the board, having first embarked for Turkey in 1867. Mrs. Tracy emphasized the importance of the boarding school as the training school for women who are to be the teachers in the day and the Sunday school. She spoke of the great work done by the wives of teachers, preachers and merchants. The influence of women in Turkey as Christian workers, Mrs. Tracy declared, cannot be estimated. She said she thought no one could speak too highly of the Christian women of Turkey.

Seven Years of Medical Work. Dr. Julia Bissell of Ahmednagar, India, was the next speaker, taking as her topic, 'Seven Years of Medical Work." Dr. Bissell has been a missionary physician for seven years in her native city, Ahmednagar. India. She obtained her collegiate and professional education, however, in this country, being a graduate of Wellesley College and of the Woman's Medical College, Philadelphia. She was in Ahmednagar as a teacher for three years before tak-

ing her medical course. She spoke very modestly of her seven years' work, saying it was simply the daily doing of dispensary work. She gave an account of medical progress in India and also a description of the hospital which will soon be erected within the military lines near Ahmednagar. She said the g India had given a helping hand in the pro-posed establishment of the missionary hos-She named the terms under which the missionaries secured the tract of land for the hospital, and said the governor of Bombay was most instrumental.

Miss Ellen C. Parsons of New York city, editor of the Woman's Work for Women, which is published under the direction of the Presbyterian board, concluded speaking of the morning session. Only lately Miss Parsons returned from a trip around the world, visiting missions.

Her remarks consisted wholly of a de ceription of the conditions in India, South hina, Corea, Japan and the many other countries she visited. She paid a high tribate to the efforts of Dr. Bissell, the preced ing speaker, and said that when Dr. Bissell ill the natives stood about her home and asked each other who would take to their wants and care for the sick. Miss Parsons spoke of the plague of India and of the native priests. She said the latter were still bamboozling and fooling the ignorant people.

She spoke of the idolatry in South China and gave a description of a trip of about 835 miles, which consumed five weeks. Immediately upon reconvening at 2 o'clock this afternoon the committee on nomination reported a list of officers for the en-

suing year, which follows: ident, Mrs. Judson Smith; vice presidents, Mrs. N. G. Clark, Boston; Mrs. E. K. Alden, Boston; Mrs. John O. Means, Auburndale, Mass.; Mrs. E. E. Strong, Au-Mass.; Mrs. Lemuel Gulliver South Hadley, Mass.; Mrs. C. H. Daniels Newton, Mass.; Mrs. J. L. Barton, Newton Centre, Mass.; Miss Susan Hayes Ward, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. S. Brainard Pratt, Buckland, Mass.

Honorary vice presidents—Miss Emma L Bridges, Westfield, N. J.; Miss Susan E. Padgett, New Haven, Conn.; Mrs. Henry Fairbanks, St. Johnsbury, Vt.; Mrs. H. W. Wilkinson, Providence, R. I.; Mrs. Wm. H. Fenn., Portland, Me.; Mrs. George H. Eaton, Calais, Me.; Mrs. S. P. Leeds, Hanover, N H.; Mrs. G. W. Winch, Holyoke, Mass.; Mrs. Chas. A. Jewell, Hartford, Conn.; Miss Abby G. Willard, Colchester, Conn.; Mrs. E. N. Packard, Syracuse, N. Y.; Mrs. Orlando Mason, Winchendon, Mass.; Mrs. E. P. Butler, Sunderland, Mass.; Mrs. John Cowan, Southampton, Mass.; Mrs. H. S. Huntington, Milton, Mass.; Mrs. Edward Y. Hincks, Andover, Mass.; Mrs. W. W. Curtis, West Stockbridge, Mass.; Mrs. C. H. Cook, Natick, Mass.; Mrs. James L. Salem. Mass.: Mrs. Frank Wood, Boston, Mass.; Miss Susan N. Brown, Newburyport, Mass.; Mrs. C. A. Ratcliffe, Norton, Mass. Mrs. G. E. F. Donkin, No. Falmouth, Mass Mrs. A. F. Rolfe, Concord, Mass.

Corresponding secretaries, Mrs. John O. Means, Mrs. E. E. Strong, Mrs. Joseph Cook and Mrs. A. H. Johnson. Recording secretary, Mrs. J. Frederick Hill, Cambridge, Mass Home secretary, Miss Abble B. Child, Boston.

Secretary of the bureau of exchange, Miss E. Harriet Stanwood, Boston. Secretary for junior work, Miss Kate G. Field secretary, Miss Alice M. Kyle, Bos-

Treasurer, Miss Sarah Louise Day, Bos-Assistant treasurer, Miss Elizabeth P.

Assistant Geautry, Studiey, Boston.
Auditor, Samuel F. Wilkins, Boston.
Directors—Mrs. Henry F. Durant, Mrs.
John Cumnings, Miss Carrie Borden, Mrs. John F. Colby, Miss Ellen Carruth, Mrs. A. C. Thompson, Mrs. Geo. W. Coburn, Mrs. Frank Wood, Mrs. Henry D. Noyes, Mrs. F. E. Clark, Mrs. C. L. Goodell, Mrs. C. E. Billings, Mrs. Nathaniel Greene, Mrs. S. B. Capron, Miss E. S. Gilman, Mrs. A. A. Lin coln. Miss Grace Weston, Miss E. P. Stud ley, Mrs. Charles M. Lamson, Mrs. C. A. Hopkins, Mrs. S. B. Capen, Miss Helen S. Lathrop, Miss Mary C. E. Jackson, Mrs John E. Bradley, Mrs. Charles F. Warden.

Miss Stone's Address. Miss Ellen M. Stone of Salonica, Mace

donia, was the principal speaker at last evening's session. Nearly every available seat in the church was occupied, and all present were eager to hear the story of Miss Stone's captivity from her own lip?.
"My Last Two Years in Macedonia" was
the theme of the ex-captive's remarks, but Miss Stone spoke principally of the hard-ships she and Madame Tslika suffered during their captivity, and of the events at tending her release. She declared that immediate action was necessary for the re-covery of the indemnity for the wrongs in-flicted on citizens of the United States. In concluding her story about her cap-tivity Miss Stone said: "The future of mission work in Turkey depends largely on the action of our government concerning the payment of the ransom turned over to the

efforts in fields where there is such crying The Missionaries Steadfast. Drifting back to her principal theme,

Miss Stone said, in part: "Your missionaries are holding on steadfastly to the work intrusted to their care, going forward fearlessly, although they know with a fresh and keen appreciation of the dangers which threaten them also because of our captivity, yet, nothing daunted, are doing faithfully the work committed to them by our Lord. It is true that they must work under limitations which are most hampering and trying. When assembled in their annual convocation last April in Monastir, the wisdom of the mission decided that our missionaries in Maccedonia. cided that our missionaries in Macedonia should visit only such places as are upon the lines of the three railroads traversing portions of that country, or such places as are immediately adjacent to them. The remainder of their field they must superintend by correspondence or by occasional interviews with native workers whom they call to them. But despite all these limitations, we hear of advancemen in the work, even in regions where agita-

"From all portions of the field from which word has come to us the tidings have been of steady growth. The schools are as large if not larger than ever before. The visit of Dr. F. E. Clarke of the Christian Endeavor Society last spring was inspiring. To most of the pupils was given grace and strength to decide the great question to The Results.

"The results are seen in the preser chool year, in the harmony which prevails in school circles, and the new consecration of these young souls to their duties as students, that they may be best fitted to impart unto others, as God shall open before

them the way, the same blessings in which they are now so richly sharing.

"The girls' school in Kortcha, Albania, is now fairly launched upon its career as a girls' boarding school. Rejoice in it—it is your school, the direct outgrowth of your work, which was at first designed for the elevation of Bulgarian girls. This work has now so enlarged and extended that we have a most delightful and inspiring work, not only among the Albanians, but also among the Servians, through the graduates of your school in Monastir, Macedonia. Your first Servian school is a day school in Prishtina, which is now in its second year.

FILED FOR PROBATE. Last Will of the Late David Charles

Bell.

The will of the late David Charles Beli. dated April 19, 1902, was filed for probate today with the register of wills for the District. After directing the payment of his debts and funeral expenses, the testator orders that each of his servants, who shall have been in his employ at least six consecutive months prior to his death, is to receive a gratuity of \$10.

All the remainder of his estate, real and personal, is left in trust to the American Security and Trust Company with directions that the income from the estate is to be paid over to the wife of the testator, Mrs. Ellen Adine Bell, in quarterly install-

The testator directs that his dwelling house, No. 1521 35th street northwest, be set aside for the use of his widow during her lifetime, and at her death to his daughter, Aileen Adine Bell, for life, under cer-tain conditions. In the event that the conditions are not complied with the trustees are instructed to sell the property and pay over the proceeds to the testator's son, Dr. Chichester A. Bell, who lives in England. The trustees are directed, upon the death of the widow of the decedent, to pay the following bequests: To his daughter, Mrs. Sophia Wynne of Westcott, Surrey, England, \$6,000, less \$1,465; to his daughter, Alleen Adine Bell, \$6,000; to his daughter, Mrs. Laura Jane Kerr, wife of Dr. James Kerr of this city, less \$1,000; to his daughter, Mrs. Lily F. Ker of Pittsburg, \$6,000, less \$1,000;

mond, Surrey, England, \$6,000; to his son, Charles James Bell, \$6,000, in trust for the maintenance of Lewis Knox Charles James Bell, president of the American Security and Trust Company, \$6,000. The testator further directs that the sum of \$150 be given to each of his grandchilddren living at the time the will was exe-cuted, and that Mary and Louisa Symonds, nieces of the testator, shall each receive

to his son, Dr. Chichester A. Bell of Rich-

After the death of Mrs. Bell and the payment of the legacies provided for in the will the decedent orders that the remainder of his estate is to be given to Dr. Chichester A. Bell of England. The American Security and Trust Com-pany is named as the executor of the will.

SPARRING IN THE ARMY. Its Regulation Left to Each Post

Commander. The War Department is reluctant to commit itself upon the subject of so-called sparring exhibitions in the army. Some time ago the commanding general of the Department of Missouri requested a decision of the department upon the question of the right of an enlisted man in the army to participate as a principal in an athletic boxing contest. In reply he was informed by the assistant adjutant general that There are some subjects as to which it is impossible for the War Department to prescribe a uniform rule, and that this is one of them. But apart from the strict the case it is a matter of common information that local sentiment is divided in respect to contests of the kind described. and this adds to the difficulty of framing a

rule, were there no legal obstacles in the way of its preparation. "There being no legal power in the de-partment to establish a rule on the subject, he acting secretary of war decides that the question presented be left where it is, to the of the post commander under the supervision vested in departments commanders by the army regulations."

DIRECTOR MERRIAM'S REPORT. Work of the Census Bureau Described

in Detail. William R. Merrian has submitted his report as director of the census to the Secre-

tary of the Interior. Some space is given up to reviewing the organization of the bureau for the actual taking of the census and the reorganization of that force into a permanent office. both of which features were fully reported in earlier issues of The Star. Other features of the report of general interest fol-

"The total number of different bulletins issued by the census office was 250, representing in all 3,910,000 bulletins. One monograph on population, consisting of 15,000 copies, and ten velumes of census reports aggregating 104,000 copies, were issued.

"The office has already begun the collection of the data required for the reports on the deaf, dumb and blind; on wealth, debt and taxation; on mines and mining; on transportation by water and express business, and on social statistics of cities. Some of this information will be obtained by schedules and letters of inquiry sent out through the post office, but much of it requires a certain amount of field work. "The census office dispensed with the services of a large number of clerks on June 30. It was unavoidable, however, that some clerks not to be permanently retained should be carried into the reorganization of the office following June 30, as the final erification, handling of hundreds of pages of proof and shipments of tons of bound reports, as well as the great amount of de-tall incident to the close of such an enor-mous undertaking, made impossible an ab-rupt transition from temporary to perma-"With the completion of most of the work of this character a reduction of the clerical

force was made on September 30. As the work of the various divisions of the census office in connection with the remaining in-quiries takes shape it is likely that economical organization will permit reductions of the clerical force below the estimate upon which the permanent organization of July 1 was based."

Overdose of Laudanum. James E. Reiff, twenty-seven years old,

brigands who held my fellow-worker and me in captivity. Orders have been issued that the missionaries shall not leave the lines of railway. Their work has been I'mlited, and decided action on the part of the United States is necessary to make it possible for the missionaries to resume their cover.

Ilving at 608 22d street northwest, was bred to their health, or that lies to their nearth, or that messionable to their health, or that messionable to their health, or that messionable to the inearth, or that messionable to their health, or that messionable to the inearth, or that messionable to their health, or that messionable to the inearth, or the inearth, or that messionable to the inearth, or the inearth, or that messionable to the inearth, or the inearth and inearth in the inearth and inearth in the inearth and inearth, or the inearth and inearth i

MANY CHANGES MADE IN PALMA'S DESK FINANCE AND

Effect of Election on House Committees.

CHAIRMEN DEFEATED

PROMOTION OF RANKING MEM-BERS IN CONSEQUENCE.

cer - The Speakership. The effect of Tuesday's election on the committees of the House is a most interest

Retirement of Representative Mer-

ing question. Perhaps the greatest loss the District of Columbia has sustained is in the defeat of delay Representative David H. Mercer of Nebraska. Mr. Mercer was fourth on the District committee of the House, and was chairman of the committee on public buildings and

as he had done many times. A notable instance of this friendship was in the appropriation made at the recent session for a municipal building. Besides Mr. Mercer the District committee

cans, and Dr. Norton of Ohio, democrat.

and in a position to make this fact manifest.

Chairmen of other committees who will not be members of the Fifty-eighth Congress include Representative Tayler of Ohio, chairman of elections committee No. 1. The ranking member of this committee is Representative Mann of Illinois. Representative Driscoll of New York is next in line for the chairmanship of elections committee No. 3, which will be relinquish-ed by Representative Weeks of Michigan. The transfer of Judge Ray of New York to the federal bench in that state will elevate Representative Jenkins of Wisconsin to the chairmanship of the judiciary committee. Mr. Jenkins is a prominent mem

ber of the District committee. To Succeed Chairman Loud.

The committee on post offices and post roads, which has been presided over so long by Representative Loud of California, will likely be tendered to Mr. Ketcham of New York, the ranking member. The retirement of Mr. Knox of Massachusetts from Congress will leave a vacancy at the head of the committee on territories for which Mr. Hamilton of Michigan will be in

The committee on manufactures will lose its chairman, Mr. Steele of Indiana, and Mr. Emerson of New York, the ranking member, leaving Mr. Gill of Illinois as next in line for the chairmanship. The first three members of the committee on mines and mining have all failed of election, Mr Eddy of Minnesota, chairman; Mr. Connell of Pennsylvania and Mr. Sheldon of Michigan. This leaves Mr. Moody of Oregon as the ranking member and available for the chairmanship.

Mr. Charles W. Gillett of New York will in all probability succeed Mr. Mercer as chairman of the committee on public buildings and ground. The retirement of Renresentative Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania and Mr. Knox of Massachusetts, the chairman and ranking member, respectively, of the committee on education, will no doubt result in the promotion of Representative Jack of Pennsylvania to this Reaves of III nois and Mr. Corliss of Michigan, the chair-man and ranking member of the committee on patents, are retired, leaving Representative Tompkins of New York as next in line of promotion to head that committee. Mr. Smith of Illinois having been defeated. Mr. Watson of Indiana will doubtedly succeed him as chairman of the

private land claims committee.

Successor to Corliss. The defeat of Mr. Corliss of Michigan will leave a vacancy at the head of the committee on the election of President and Vice President and representatives in Congress, to which Representative Sulloway of New Hampshire may succeed. Mr. Sulloway, however, has the chairmanship of the invalid pensions committee and may not de-sire to change. Representative Curtis of Kansas is next in line.

Representative Robert Adams, jr., of Philadelphia will probably be tendered the chairmanship of the immigration committee, which will be made vacant by the re-tirement of Gen. Shattuck of Ohio. The death of Representative Russell of Connecticut and the retirement of Representative Young of Pennsylvania will place Representative Warnock of Ohio in line for the chairmanship of the committee of Representative Greene of Massachusetts is

tures in the Navy Department, made va-Stewart of New Jersey. Representative Fletcher of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on expenditures on public buildings, has been defeated.

Hughes of West Virginia will undoubtedly The first four republican members of the committee on accounts-Chairman Bull of Ruode Island and Representatives Joy of Smith of Michigan-having all been defeated, the chairmanship of this committee will undoubtedly go to Representative Hilde-

brandt of Ohio. The chairmanship of the committee on the census will doubtless be tendered to Representative Acheson of Pennsylvania by reason of the retirement of Representative Hopkins of Illinois, who is a candidate for

the Senate. Mr. Heatwole's retirement as the head of the committee on printing will make Repre sentative Boreing of Kentucky eligible for this place.

In Case Cannon Becomes Speaker. Should the probabilities in the speakership line be fulfilled by the choice of Representative Cannon of Illinois to the chair the committee on appropriations would undoubtedly be tendered to Representative Bingham of Pennsylvania. Mr. Bingham. however, has unusually poor health, and as the duties of chairman of the appropriations committee are perhaps the most arduous of any chairmanship in the House, it is not unlikely that Mr. Bingham would decline. This would leave Representative Hemenway of Indiana as the next in line. Mr. Hemenway is comparatively a young appropriations committee, a particularly friend of Chairman Canno not at all unlikely that he will be the selection of the Speaker, should that officer be Mr. Cannon, as the head of this com-

mittee. chairmanships of the committees of the House not named above are not affected by the election, and will undoubtedly remain the same. The personnel of all the committees, however, will undoubtedly be changed to some extent when the work of apportioning the larger number of members of the House to committee assignments taken up.

OBJECTIONS FILED.

Citizens Complain of Dumpage on 6th

Street Northeast. The Commissioners have recently received number of complaints against the dumping of filthy materials by private parties on the ground, near the end of the asphalt

pavement on 6th street northeast, Ecking-

ton. Health Officer Woodwad has recommended to the Commissioners that the petitioners be advised that existing regulations do not forbid the maintenance of compost heaps in locations such as that in which the compost heap in question is lo-cated, that is, more than 300 feet from any place of worship or from any dwelling, and that it is suggested to the petitioners that if they can show that the odors from this heap materially interfere with their com-fort or endanger their health, or that flies

DRAFT OF TREATY IS STILL AT HAVANA. Procrastination Ascribed as the Rea-

> son for Delay in Sending the Document.

Contrary to the common understanding here, it appears that the draft of the Cuban reciprocity treaty has not yet left Havana on its return to Washington, but instead is now calmly reposing in a pigeonhole in the desk of President Palma. The misunder-Loss Sustained by the District in the standing as to the location of the treaty arose from a statement to the Department of State from Minister Squiers at Havana to the effect that he expected the treaty to be dispatched to Washington the day following the sending of his message. However, it did not start then, nor has it yet. Habits of procrastination rather than any disposition to actually refrain from entering into treaty relations with the United States are supposed to be the reason for the

Changes Wanted by Cubans.

In view of the fact that the treaty has not yet come here, nor has Mr. Squiers had a look at it, it follows that the United grounds. He was a friend of the Distric. States government is officially ignorant of the nature of the changes that the Cubans desire to make in the convention. Of course, generally these are known to be connected with the increase of the rebate to be allowed on Cuban sugar and tobacco entering the United States, and there are indications Besides Mr. Mercer the District committee that the administration may be willing to loses Representatives Blackburn of North Carolina and Stewart of New York, republiable delay is exhibited in the negotiations

on the part of the Cubans. The rate of rebate proposed in the original convention is 20 per cent, and it is gathered that the Cubans want 50 per cent. This rate will hardly be allowed, in view of the belief that Congress would certainly sanction such a cut in duties, but between these figures there is so wide a margin that there is room for compromise on a base that might be acceptable to both sides.

Coaling Station Matter.

The coaling station matter is for the time held in abeyance again. The 1,000 tons-of coal belonging to the United States navy now lying in warehouse at Triscornia are being diminished according to the needs of the navy in gulf waters, so that the Cuban complaint of the existence of an American naval station in Havana harbor is adjusting itself without friction, and, indeed, it is said that the mater has not been officially mentioned lately.

ELECTION IN HONDURAS. Minister Hunter Reports Manual

Coriella Chosen President. United States Minister Hunter at Guatemala has notified the State Department by cable that Manual Coriella was elected president of Honduras at the election which took place on the 28th ultimo. He says that threats of a contest of the election are boldly made, but that, notwithstanding, the country is quiet.

Army Orders.

Officers recently appointed have been assigned to regiments as follows: Second Lieutenant G. A. Derbyshire, to the 23d Infantry; Second Lieutenant J. C. Wise, to the 9th Infantry; Second Lieutenant G. W. ant Bowers Davis, to the 6th Infantry; Second Lieutenant R. T. Phinney, to the 12th Infantry.

Leaves of absence have been granted as follows: Colonel Thomas C. Lebo, 14th Cavalry, one month's extension; Second Lieutenant J. E. McDonald, 24th Infantry, two months: First Lieutenant J. S. Cecil. 19th Infantry, one month's extension; First Lieutenant James D. Taylor, jr., 24th Infantry, two months.

The Shepherd Memorial.

The following subscriptions to the Shepherd memorial fund have been received, making in addition to the \$7,488 previously acknowledged, a total of \$7,613: Howard S. Nyman Geo. B. Welch W. F. Roberts Arch'd Greenless 10 00 H. Shea Barber & Ross 50 00 C. Siddons 10 00

Total\$7,613 00

Reciprocity Treaty Taken Up. Secretary Hay and Sir Michael Herbert, the British ambassador, have taken up again the Bond treaty providing for limited reciprocity between the United States and Newfoundland. The convention was reduced to form before the Newfoundland premier left Washington, a short time ago, but since it has been the object of careful study here and in London, and it is believed at Montreal as well, for the Canadians feel a natural and deep interest in the negotiations, and so some changes may be required.

American Prisoners in Ceylon.

Ambassador Choate has informed the Secretary of State, in response to instructions in relation to the repatriation of American citizens detained by the British government as prisoners of war in Ceylon, that Lord Lansdown informed him, under date of October 27, that it is proposed to the prisoners in question to the United States by the first packet, and that they will be subsisted at the expense of the

Torpedo Flotilla Sails for Culebra. The Navy Department is informed that the torpedo boat flotilia left Key West today for Cape Haitien on their way to Cule-

nsked.
Titlė Insurance Stocks-Real Estate Title, 93% bid, 95 asked. Columbia Title, 4½ bid, 5 asked. Washington Title, 2 bid, 3 asked.
Telephone and Graphophone Stocks-Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone, 35 bid, 45 asked. American Graphophone Pref., *9 bid, 9½ asked. American Graphophone Pref., *9 bid, 9½ asked. Gas Stocks-Washington Gas, 75½ bid, 75% asked. Georgetown Gas, 76 bid.

Georgetown Gas, 76 bld.

Type Machine Stocks-Mergenthaler Linotype. 1883; bld. 1883; asked. Lanston Monotype, 10% bld, 11 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks-Greene Con. Copper Co., 23% bld. 244; asked. Greene Copper rights, 70 bld. 80 asked. Washington Market, 16 bld. Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, 197 bld.

*Ex. dividend.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—Regular call, 12 o'clock noon—Real Estate Title Ins., 5 at 94. Metgenthaler Linotype, 10 at 189, 10 at 189, 10 at 188, 10 at 188, 10 at 188, 10 at 18834, American Graphophone Pref., 20 at 9, 100 at 25% (buyer 60), 100 at 24%, 100 at 24%, 100 at 25% (buyer 90), 50 at 24%, 50 at 24. After call—Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 18834. Lanston Monotype, 100 at 10%. Greene Copper, 100 at 25% (buyer 60), 100 at 25% (buyer 60). Greene Copper rights, 130 at 77, 500 at 80, 20 at 80.

Raliroad Bonds—Capital Traction 48, 107% bid, 108% asked. Metropolitan 58, 120 bid, 121 asked. Metropolitan Cert. Indebt. 58, A, 106 bid, 109 asked. Columbia 68, 118 bid, 124 asked. Columbia 58, 105% bid, 106% asked. The Washington Raliway and Electric Co. 48, 85 asked.

Miscell uneous Bonds—Washington Gas Co. 68, series A, 10 bid. Washington Gas Co. 68, series B, 110 bid. U. S. Electric Light Deb. Imp. 68, 104% bid. 105% asked and Potomac Telephone 58, 104% bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 58, 104% bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 58, 104% bid. Safe Deposit and Trust, 175 bid, 200 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 175 bid, 200 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 217% bid, 220 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 217 bid, 220 asked. Washington Saing Bank, 100 bid. 110 asked. The Washington Rallway and Electric Co. Pref., 44 asked. The Washington Rallway and Electric Co. Com., 15 asked.

National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 375 bid, 430 asked. Metropolitan, 700 bid, 800 asked. Columbia, 190 bid. Citizens', 182 bid, 190 asked. National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 375 bid, 400 asked. Metropolitan, 700 bid, 800 asked. Columbia, 190 bid. Capital, 150 bid. West End. Insurance Stocks—Fremen's, 26 bid, 25% asked. National Jinon, 7% bid, 9 *Ex. div., 2%.

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets. CHICAGO, November 6.-Grain Low. Close, 71 7114 7234-73 7314 5094 5094-74 4134 4214 2034-34 2994 3074 31 High. 71% 73% 511/2 42% 30 311/8 Vheat-Dec Corn-Dec..... May..... Oats-Dec... May. CHICAGO, Nov NEW YORK, November 6.—Cotton:
Open. High.
December. 8.25 8.25
Ianuary. 8.31 8.32
March. 8.08 8.14
May. 8.07 8.13 High. 8.25 8.32 8.14 8.13 January.....

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 6.—Flour steady, unchanged; receipts, 5,377 barrels; exports, 66,583 barrels. Wheat firmer; spot and November, 74½, 74½; December, 75a75½; May. 77; steamer No. 2 red, 71½a71¾; receipts, 30,833 bushels; exports, 116,000 bushels; southern by sample, 70a74¾; southern on grade, 72a74¾. Corn firmer; spot, 65; new or old, November, 53½; year, 48½,484½; January, 47½a47½; February, 46½,a46½; March, 46¼; receipts, 13,732 bushels; exports, 600 bushels; southern white corn, old, 65a68. Southern yellow corn, old, 65a68. Oats dull and easy; No. 2 white, 36; No. 2 mixed, 33; receipts, 2,775 bushels; exports, none. Rye steady; No. 2, 56¼; No. 2 western, 57¼; receipts, 21,736 bushels; exports, 111,428 bushels. Hay steady, unchanged. Grain freights very quist, unchanged. Butter firm, unchanged; fancy mitation, 20a21; fancy creamery, 25a26; fancy ladle, 19a20; fancy roll, 18a19; good roll, 16a17; store packed, 16a18. Eggs firm, unchanged; fresh, 24. Cheese firm, unchanged; large, 12a12½; medium, 12½a12½; small, 12½a12¾. Sugar firm, unchanged; fine and coarse granulated, 4,61½.

Government Bonds.

OF VARIOUS STOCKS SOLD BY ONE COMMISSION HOUSE. Reading Was Weak Under Vigorous Selling-Erie Erratic, but in

London Prices Were Gener-

ally Higher Today.

SOME 15,000 SHARES

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, November 6.-London's prices were generally higher this morning. but the local market failed to reach the same level, although prices were above those of yesterday. The selling of some 15,000 shares of various stocks by a prominent commission house was regarded as an

indication of a determination to break

Good Demand.

prices in the interest of the short account. The room sold freely for a time and here and there evidences of liquidation were recorded. The western party sold freely at one time, making Nashville, Norfolk and Western and Baltimore and Ohio look heavy. The entire Gates party seem to have determined to sell stocks as the result of the vigorous discipline threatened them had they persisted in booming Norfolk and Western and other specialties. If the banks wanted to arrest an advance the western party saw an opening for mak-

ing a turn on the short side, and with customary promptness began to sell the market. The Keene party was also disconcerted with the course of the money market. and, somewhat chagrined with its inability to realize on Reading before the competitive buying ceased, has now turned toward the short account. Reading was weak today under vigorous selling, and an attempt was made to keep all the hard coal shares under pressure. Erie was erratic, but seemed to attract a

several times sharp rallies were recorded. The Gould group was given some support from the inside, prices rallying under a mixed demand later in the day. Standard Oil buyers were said to be in the market for a few specialties, notably St. Paul, and this fact caused a moderate covering movement during the last hour. A cut in beet sugar rates to something more than 10 points under the American Company's rates for Missouri river points led to an attack on the stock of the latter company. The steel shares were dull and heavy and the entire industrial list lacked

good demand around the lowest level, and

shares, but the market as a whole was narrow and professional. The money rate ruled around 5 per cent. but the banks did not encourage loans to any considerable extent. The sterling market reflected few changes from yesterday, and gold shipments were not considered sufficiently near to warrant a further sell-

new business. Commission houses had a

moderate demand for a few low-priced

ing of stocks on that prospect.

Earnings were mixed in character during the day, the coal roads showing decreases and western properties showing an active and profitable business. Sentiment was a Ewell, to the 3d Infantry; Second Lieuten- trifle more cheerful than yesterday, but the material for a higher market is still lack-

> New York Stock Markets. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York

change and Chicago board of trade. Open. High. Low, Close Amalgamated Copper ... 63% 62% 62% 85% 85% Am. Car & Foundry, pfd. Baltimore & Ohio...... Baltimore & Ohio, pfd... 61% 62¼ 61% 62 134¼ 134% 138½ 134 Brooklyn Rapid Tran.... Canadian Pacific......... Central of New Jersey... 477/9 851/4 45% 85% Chesapeake & Ohio. Chicago & Alton.....

861/4 2161/4 1641/4 871/4 661/4 51 182 1451/4 1331/4 136 1391/7 1093/8 1541/4 32 721/4

159% 102% 60% 64% 86% 75% 20% 22% 78 72% 30 66

691/4 351/4 93 631/6 441/4 1037/9 981/2 139/8

216% 165

13614

139 ¼ 59 ¼ 109 % 154 ¼ 32 ¼ 72 ½

159¼ 102½ 61 65¼ 87¼ 75 20¼ 22½ 78½ 73 30 66

1041/4 911/4 131/4

158% 101% 601% 64% 86% 75% 20% 77% 72% 30

691/8 951/4 93 631/4 441/4 1051/4 91

133%

Chicago & Alton, pfd..... Chicago Great Western. Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul. 18614 Chicago, R. I. & P...... Colorado Fuel & Iron.... Consolidated Gas....... 216½ Delaware & Hudson..... 165 Manhattan Elevated Metropolitan St. Ry..... Mo., Kan. & Tex.. pfd...

159 1021/4 l'ennsvivania R. R. People's Gas of Chicago Reading, 1st pfd..... Reading, 2d pfd........... Republic Steel & Iron... Rubber Goods..... St. Louis & San Fran..... St. Louis & S. F., 2d pfd. Louis Southwestern.

St. Louis S. W., pfd...... Southern Pacific Southern Railway...... Southern Railway, pfd... Tennessee Coal & Iron... Texas Pacific. Union Pacific...... Union Pacific, pfd...... United States Leather... British government until they reach their United States Rubber.... United States Steel..... United States Steel, pfd...

Baltimore Markets.

United States Steel. 39½ 39½
United States Steel, pfd. 87½
Wabash. 325½ 33½
Wabash. 46½ 47¾
Western Union. 90½ 90½
Wisconsin Central. 27 27½
Kansas City Southern. 34 34½
American Loconotive. 29¾ 32½
W. & L. E., common

911/4